

# Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910,1200) HazCom 2012. Issue date: 6/3/2014 Revision date: 7/10/2023 Supersedes: 1/31/2018 Version: 4.0

### **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Identification

Product form Mixture

Product name Amerimix 740 Fiber Scratch and Brown Coat Stucco

Product code Not available

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Various.

#### 1.3. Supplier

#### Manufacturer

Oldcastle Architectural Inc. 400 Perimeter Center Terrace

Suite 1000

Atlanta, GA, 30346

T 800-334-0784 Tech Service: Monday - Friday; 8:00am - 5:00pm EST

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

## SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS US classification**

Skin Irrit. 2 Causes skin irritation Eve Dam. 1 Causes serious eye damage Skin Sens. 1 May cause an allergic skin reaction

May cause cancer Carc. 1A

STOT SE 3 May cause respiratory irritation

STOT RE 1 Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure

# 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

## **GHS US labeling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)







Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) Causes skin irritation

> May cause an allergic skin reaction Causes serious eye damage May cause respiratory irritation May cause cancer

Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements (GHS US) Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Do not breathe dust.

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Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. If not in a well-ventilated area, wear a NIOSH-approved respirator or other dust mask when using the product to avoid or minimize exposure to dust

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

#### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Not applicable.

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

### **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%
Quartz	CAS-No.: 14808-60-7	80 - 100
Cement, portland, chemicals	CAS-No.: 65997-15-1	5 - <20
Iron oxide (Fe2O3)	CAS-No.: 1309-37-1	< 3
Magnesium oxide (MgO)	CAS-No.: 1309-48-4	< 2
Calcium magnesium hydroxide (CaMg(OH)4)	CAS-No.: 39445-23-3	< 2
Calcium magnesium hydroxide oxide (CaMg(OH)2O)	CAS-No.: 58398-71-3	< 2
Calcium oxide	CAS-No.: 1305-78-8	< 1
Calcium hydroxide	CAS-No.: 1305-62-0	< 1

<sup>\*</sup>Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

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#### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact IF ON SKIN: Brush off loose particles from skin. Immerse in cool water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eve contact : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Dust may cause respiratory tract irritation. Respirable crystalline silica (quartz) can cause silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause burns in the presence of moisture. Skin contact during hydration may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in

permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Handling can cause dry skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns.

> May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea

Chronic symptoms May cause cancer through inhalation of dust. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Symptoms may be delayed. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

#### **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

Symptoms/effects after ingestion

# 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Products of combustion may include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon. irritating vapors.

# 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory

protection (SCBA).

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

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#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain spill, then place in a suitable container. Minimize dust generation. Do not flush to sewer

or allow to enter waterways. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Methods for cleaning up : Vacuum or sweep material and place in a disposal container. Provide ventilation.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 8 for further information on protective clothing and equipment and section 13 for advice on waste disposal.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, spray, vapors. Wear appropriate PPE (see Section 8). Handle and open container with care. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid generating dust. Good housekeeping is important to prevent accumulation

bygiene measures of dust. The use of compressed air for cleaning clothing, equipment, etc, is not recommended.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not

be allowed out of the workplace. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep out of the reach of children. Store locked up. Keep away from food, drink and animal

feedingstuffs. Store in dust-tight, dry, labelled containers. Avoid any dust buildup by frequent cleaning and suitable construction of the storage area. Do not store in an area equipped with emergency water sprinklers. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store in a cool, well-

ventilated place.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Local name

# Amerimix 740 Fiber Scratch and Brown Coat Stucco

No additional information available

# Quartz (14808-60-7) USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits

L	Con Acom Codepational Exposure Emilio	
	ACGIH OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)

ACGIH chemical category Suspected Human Carcinogen

#### **USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits**

OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	50 μg/m³ (Respirable crystalline silica)
` '	Table Z-3. For OSHA PEL (TWA) use formula: (30 mg/m3 / (%SiO2+2)) for mg/m3. CAS No.

Quartz (Total Dust) (Silica: Crystalline)

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Quartz (14808-60-7)		
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts	
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
IDLH	50 mg/m³ (respirable dust)	
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NIOSH REL (TWA)	0.05 mg/m³ (respirable dust)	
Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Portland cement	
ACGIH OEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter)	
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Pulm func; resp symptoms; asthma. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen)	
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2020	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)	
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
IDLH	5000 mg/m³	
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NIOSH REL (TWA)	10 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)	
Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)	
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Iron oxide fume	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	10 mg/m³ (fume) 15 mg/m³ (total dust (Rouge) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction (Rouge)	
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
IDLH	2500 mg/m³ (dust and fume)	
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NIOSH REL (TWA)	5 mg/m³ (dust and fume)	
Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)	

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Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)			
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (fume, total particulate)		
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
IDLH	750 mg/m³ (fume)		
Calcium magnesium hydroxide (CaMg(OH)4)	Calcium magnesium hydroxide (CaMg(OH)4) (39445-23-3)		
No additional information available			
Calcium magnesium hydroxide oxide (CaMg(	OH)2O) (58398-71-3)		
No additional information available			
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)			
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Calcium oxide		
ACGIH OEL TWA	2 mg/m³		
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr		
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2020		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Calcium oxide		
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³		
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1		
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
IDLH	25 mg/m³		
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
NIOSH REL (TWA)	2 mg/m³		
Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)	Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)		
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
NIOSH REL (TWA)	5 mg/m³		
8.2. Appropriate engineering controls			

Appropriate engineering controls : Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapor, etc.) below recommended exposure limits.

recommended exposure innit

Environmental exposure controls : Maintain levels below Community environmental protection thresholds. Avoid release to the environment.

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#### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

#### Hand protection:

Wear suitable waterproof gloves. Consult glove manufacturer's product information on material suitability and material thickness.

#### Eye protection:

Wear approved eye (properly fitted dust- or splash-proof chemical safety goggles) / face (face shield) protection.

#### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable waterproof protective clothing

#### Respiratory protection:

A NIOSH approved dust mask or filtering facepiece is recommended in poorly ventilated areas or when permissible exposure limits may be exceeded. Respirators should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134) and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2).

#### Other information:

Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety practices. Do not eat, smoke or drink where material is handled, processed or stored. Wash hands carefully before eating or smoking.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: SolidAppearance: Powder.Color: Various colorsOdor: CharacteristicOdor threshold: No data available

pH : 12 – 13

Melting point : No data available Freezing point : No data available Boiling point No data available Flash point No data available No data available Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) Flammability (solid, gas) Not flammable Vapor pressure No data available Relative vapor density at 20°C No data available No data available Relative density Solubility No data available Partition coefficient n-octanol/water : No data available : No data available Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature : No data available Viscosity, kinematic : No data available Viscosity, dynamic No data available No data available **Explosion limits** No data available Explosive properties

#### 9.2. Other information

Oxidizing properties

VOC content : 0%, Not applicable; 0 wt, Not applicable.

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No data available

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# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal storage conditions. Keep dry in storage.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials. Moisture.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Wet cement is alkaline and incompatible with acid, ammonium salts and aluminum metal.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)		
LD50 oral rat	> 10000 mg/kg	
LD50 oral	> 5000 mg/kg body weight Animal: , Guideline: EU Method B.1 (Acute Toxicity (Oral))	
Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)		
LD50 oral rat	3870 mg/kg	
Calcium magnesium hydroxide oxide (CaMg(OH)2O) (58398-71-3)		
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 425 (Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure)	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 425 (Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: EU Method B.3 (Acute Toxicity (Dermal))	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: other:US Federal Register 38: 187, Part 1500, Section 41, 1973.	
LC50 inhalation rat	> 6.04 mg/l/4h	
Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)		
LD50 oral rat	7340 mg/kg	

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according to the nazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) nazCom 2012.		
Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)		
LD50 dermal rat	> 2500 mg/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat	> 6.04 mg/l/4h	
	Causes skin irritation. pH: 12 – 13	
Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)	μπ. 12 – 13	
pH	10.3 (saturated aqueous solution)	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	19.0 (caranatod aqueede obranorry	
pH	12.5 (saturated solution)	
<u> </u>	12.3 (Saturated Solution)	
Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)	10.1/1.07.00 / 1.1.1.1.1.	
PH  Carious and demand/initiation	12.4 (at 25 °C (saturated solution)	
	Causes serious eye damage. pH: 12 – 13	
Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)		
рН	10.3 (saturated aqueous solution)	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
рН	12.5 (saturated solution)	
Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)		
рН	12.4 (at 25 °C (saturated solution)	
Respiratory or skin sensitization :	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
3 ,	Not classified	
	May cause cancer.	
Quartz (14808-60-7)		
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens	
In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list	Yes	
Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)		
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable	
,	Not classified	
	May cause respiratory irritation.	
Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)	May ague respiratory imitation	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.	
Calcium magnesium hydroxide (CaMg(OH)4)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.	
Calcium magnesium hydroxide oxide (CaMg(OH)2O) (58398-71-3)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.	

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Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT-repeated exposure	: Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure. (Respirable crystalline silica in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is listed by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) and National Toxicology Program (NTP) as a lung carcinogen. Prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica has been known to cause silicosis, a lung disease, which may be disabling. While there may be a factor of individual susceptibility to a given exposure to respirable silica dust, the risk of contracting silicosis and the severity of the disease is clearly related to the amount of dust exposure and the length of time (usually years) of exposure.)
Quartz (14808-60-7)	
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)	
LOAEC (inhalation,rat,dust/mist/fume,90 days)	0.2102 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study)
NOAEC (inhalation,rat,dust/mist/fume,90 days)	≥ 0.03 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	300 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	1000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
NOAEC (inhalation,rat,dust/mist/fume,90 days)	0.413 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study)
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Viscosity, kinematic Symptoms/effects after inhalation	<ul><li>: No data available</li><li>: Dust may cause respiratory tract irritation. Respirable crystalline silica (quartz) can cause</li></ul>
Symptoms/chects after initialation	silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause burns in the presence of moisture. Skin contact during hydration may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Handling can cause dry skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
Chronic symptoms	<ul> <li>May cause cancer through inhalation of dust. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>
Other information	: Likely routes of exposure: ingestion, inhalation, skin and eye.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity	
6,7 6	No ecological consideration when used according to directions. Normal dilution of this product to drains, sewers, septic systems and treatment plants is not considered environmentally harmful.
Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	100000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Danio rerio [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna

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Iron oxide (Fe2O3) (1309-37-1)		
EC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species):	
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 20 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)	
Calcium magnesium hydroxide oxide (CaMg(OH)2O) (58398-71-3)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	50.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	49.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna	
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	184.57 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)	
NOEC (chronic)	32 mg/l Test organisms (species): Crangon septemspinosa Duration: '14 d'	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	1070 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [static])	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	49.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna	
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 100 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)	
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	1130.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Navicula seminulum	
NOEC (chronic)	32 mg/l Test organisms (species): Crangon septemspinosa Duration: '14 d'	
NOEC chronic fish	100 mg/l Test organisms (species): other:Tilapia nilotica Duration: '46 d'	

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Amerimix 740 Fiber Scratch and Brown Coat Stucco	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Amerimix 740 Fiber Scratch and Brown Coat Stucco	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
BCF - Fish [1]	(no bioaccumulation)
Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)	
BCF - Fish [1]	(no bioaccumulation)

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

Amerimix 740 Fiber Scratch and Brown Coat Stucco	
Ecology - soil	No data available.

# 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : No data available.

Other information : No other effects known.

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#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Disposal methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations

: Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with DOT

#### **14.1. UN number**

Not regulated for transport

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Not applicable

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : Not applicable

### 14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : Not applicable

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Special transport precautions : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

# 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, except for:

Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O) CAS-No. 13397-24-5

### 15.2. International regulations

No additional information available

# 15.3. US State regulations



This product can expose you to Silica, respirable crystalline, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

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### **SECTION 16: Other information**

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

Issue date : 06/03/2014
Revision date : 07/10/2023
Other information : None.

Prepared by : Nexreg Compliance Inc.

www.Nexreg.com



Full text of H-phrases	
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, Category 1
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation

#### Indication of changes:

SDS update.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA

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