

Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012. Issue date: 1/16/2016 Revision date: 6/26/2023 Supersedes: 1/31/2018 Version: 3.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture

Product name : Amerimix 500 Masonry Cement & Sand Mortar (Type N, S, M)

Product code : Not available

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Various.

1.3. Supplier

Manufacturer

Oldcastle Architectural Inc. 400 Perimeter Center Terrace

Suite 1000

Atlanta, GA, 30346

T 800-334-0784 Tech Service: Monday - Friday; 8:00am - 5:00pm EST

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Skin Irrit. 2Causes skin irritationEye Dam. 1Causes serious eye damageSkin Sens. 1May cause an allergic skin reaction

Carc. 1A May cause cancer

STOT SE 3 May cause respiratory irritation

STOT RE 1 Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :







Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : Causes skin irritation

May cause an allergic skin reaction Causes serious eye damage May cause respiratory irritation

May cause cancer

Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements (GHS US) : Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Do not breathe dust.

Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. If not in a well-ventilated area, wear a NIOSH-approved respirator or other dust mask when using the product to avoid or minimize exposure to dust

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Not applicable.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%
Quartz	CAS-No.: 14808-60-7	60 – 100
Cement, portland, chemicals	CAS-No.: 65997-15-1	10 – 35
Calcium magnesium hydroxide (CaMg(OH)4)	CAS-No.: 39445-23-3	2.5 – 7
Calcium magnesium hydroxide oxide (CaMg(OH)2O)	CAS-No.: 58398-71-3	2.5 – 7
Calcium hydroxide	CAS-No.: 1305-62-0	1 – 5
Limestone	CAS-No.: 1317-65-3	0.5 – 2
Calcium oxide	CAS-No.: 1305-78-8	0.5 – 2
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1)	CAS-No.: 7778-18-9	0.5 – 2
Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O)	CAS-No.: 13397-24-5	0.5 - 2

^{*}Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

First-aid measures after skin contact IF ON SKIN: Brush off loose particles from skin. Immerse in cool water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eve contact : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious

person. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Dust may cause respiratory tract irritation. Respirable crystalline silica (quartz) can cause silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause burns in the presence of moisture. Skin contact during hydration may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in

permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Handling can cause dry skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns. Symptoms/effects after ingestion

May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Chronic symptoms May cause cancer through inhalation of dust. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Symptoms may not appear immediately. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label or SDS where possible).

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Products of combustion may include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon. irritating vapors. Fire hazard

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA).

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6/26/2023 (Revision date) EN (English US) 3/13

Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain spill, then place in a suitable container. Minimize dust generation. Do not flush to sewer

or allow to enter waterways. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Methods for cleaning up : Vacuum or sweep material and place in a disposal container. Provide ventilation.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 8 for further information on protective clothing and equipment and section 13 for advice on waste disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Wear appropriate PPE (see Section 8). Handle and open container with care. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid generating dust. Good housekeeping is important to prevent accumulation

bygiene measures of dust. The use of compressed air for cleaning clothing, equipment, etc, is not recommended.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not

be allowed out of the workplace. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep out of the reach of children. Store locked up. Keep away from food, drink and animal

feedingstuffs. Store in dust-tight, dry, labelled containers. Avoid any dust buildup by frequent cleaning and suitable construction of the storage area. Do not store in an area equipped with emergency water sprinklers. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store in a cool, well-

ventilated place.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Amerimix 500 Masonry Cement & Sand Mortar (Type N, S, M)

No additional information available

Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)

USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits

OCA - ACCIT - Occupational Exposure Entities	
Local name	Portland cement
ACGIH OEL TWA	1 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable particulate matter)
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Pulm func; resp symptoms; asthma. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen)
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2020

Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)	Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)		
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
IDLH	5000 mg/m³		
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
NIOSH REL (TWA)	10 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)		
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)			
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
ACGIH OEL TWA	2 mg/m³		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³		
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
IDLH	25 mg/m³		
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
NIOSH REL (TWA)	2 mg/m³		
Calcium magnesium hydroxide (CaMg(OH)4) (39445-23-3)			
No additional information available			
Calcium magnesium hydroxide oxide (CaMg(OH)2O) (58398-71-3)			
No additional information available			
Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)			
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)		
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
NIOSH REL (TWA)	5 mg/m³		
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) (7778-18-9)			
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
ACGIH OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter)		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)		
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits	USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NIOSH REL (TWA)	10 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)		

Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

Limestone (1317-65-3)			
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)		
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
NIOSH REL (TWA)	10 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)		
Gypsum (Ca(SO4).2H2O) (13397-24-5)			
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
ACGIH OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ (inhalable particulate matter (Calcium sulfate)		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	15 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)		
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits	USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NIOSH REL (TWA)	10 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)		
Quartz (14808-60-7)			
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Silica crystaline - quartz		
ACGIH OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)		
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Pulm fibrosis; lung cancer. Notations: A2 (Suspected Human Carcinogen)		
ACGIH chemical category	Suspected Human Carcinogen		
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2023		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits			
Local name	Quartz (Total Dust) (Silica: Crystalline)		
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	50 μg/m³ (Respirable crystalline silica)		
Remark (OSHA)	Table Z-3. For OSHA PEL (TWA) use formula: (30 mg/m3 / (%SiO2+2)) for mg/m3. CAS No. source: eCFR Table Z-1.		
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts		
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
IDLH	50 mg/m³ (respirable dust)		
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits			
NIOSH REL (TWA)	0.05 mg/m³ (respirable dust)		
9.2 Appropriate engineering controls			

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures (airborne levels of dust, fume, vapor, etc.) below

recommended exposure limits.

Environmental exposure controls : Maintain levels below Community environmental protection thresholds. Avoid release to the

environment.

Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Hand protection:

Wear suitable waterproof gloves. Consult glove manufacturer's product information on material suitability and material thickness.

Eye protection:

Wear approved eye (properly fitted dust- or splash-proof chemical safety goggles) / face (face shield) protection.

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable waterproof protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

A NIOSH approved dust mask or filtering facepiece is recommended in poorly ventilated areas or when permissible exposure limits may be exceeded. Respirators should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134) and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2).

Other information:

Handle according to established industrial hygiene and safety practices. Do not eat, smoke or drink where material is handled, processed or stored. Wash hands carefully before eating or smoking.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: SolidAppearance: Powder.Color: Various colorsOdor: CharacteristicOdor threshold: No data available

pH : 12 – 13

Melting point : No data available Freezing point : No data available Boiling point No data available Flash point No data available No data available Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) Flammability (solid, gas) Not flammable. Vapor pressure No data available Relative vapor density at 20°C No data available Relative density No data available Solubility No data available : No data available Partition coefficient n-octanol/water : No data available Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature : No data available Viscosity, kinematic : No data available Viscosity, dynamic No data available No data available **Explosion limits** No data available Explosive properties

9.2. Other information

Oxidizing properties

VOC content : 0%, Not applicable; 0 wt, Not applicable.

6/26/2023 (Revision date) EN (English US) 7/13

No data available

Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal storage conditions. Keep dry in storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials. Moisture.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Wet cement is alkaline and incompatible with acid, ammonium salts and aluminum metal.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

May include, and are not limited to: oxides of carbon. calcium hydroxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified.

Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified

Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
LD50 oral rat	500 mg/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat	> 6.04 mg/l/4h	
ATE US (oral)	500 mg/kg body weight	
Calcium magnesium hydroxide oxide (CaMg(OH)2O) (58398-71-3)		
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 425 (Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure)	
Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)		
LD50 oral rat	7340 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2500 mg/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat	> 6.04 mg/l/4h	
ATE US (oral)	7340 mg/kg body weight	
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) (7778-18-9)		
LD50 oral rat	> 3000 mg/kg	
LC50 inhalation rat	> 3.26 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation :	Causes skin irritation.	

pH: 12 - 13

Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
pH	12.5 (saturated solution)	
Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)		
pH	12.4 (at 25 °C (saturated solution)	
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) (7778-18-9)		
pH	6 – 7.6 (conc: 20 % (aqueous solution)	
	Causes serious eye damage. pH: 12 – 13	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
рН	12.5 (saturated solution)	
Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)		
рН	12.4 (at 25 °C (saturated solution)	
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) (7778-18-9)		
рН	6 – 7.6 (conc: 20 % (aqueous solution)	
	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
,	Not classified May cause cancer.	
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) (7778-18-9)		
NOAEL (chronic,oral,animal/male,2 years)	256 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: other:No data, Remarks on results: other:Effect type: carcinogenicity (migrated information)	
NOAEL (chronic,oral,animal/female,2 years)	284 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: other:No data, Remarks on results: other:Effect type: carcinogenicity (migrated information)	
Quartz (14808-60-7)		
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens	
In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list	Yes	
,	Not classified May cause respiratory irritation.	
Cement, portland, chemicals (65997-15-1)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.	
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.	
Calcium magnesium hydroxide (CaMg(OH)4) (39445-23-3)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.	
Calcium magnesium hydroxide oxide (CaMg(OH)2O) (58398-71-3)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.	
Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)		
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.	

Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days) LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days) 237 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test) NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days) 79 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test) Limestone (1317-65-3) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Quartz (14808-60-7) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Aspiration hazard 1 Not classified 1 No data available 2 Yiscosity, kinematic 2 No data available 3 Yimptoms/effects after inhalation 3 Usus may cause respiratory tract irritation. Respirable crystalline silica (quartz) can cause silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs. Symptoms/effects after skin contact 3 Causes skin irritation. May cause burns in the presence of moisture. Skin contact during hydration may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Handling can cause dry skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms/effects after eye contact 4 Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns. Symptoms/effects after ingestion 5 May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vorniting and diarrhea. Chronic symptoms Chronic symptoms Chronic symptoms Chief exposure: ingestion, inhalation, skin and eye.	STOT-repeated exposure	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (Respirable crystalline silical in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is listed by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) and National Toxicology Program (NTP) as a lung carcinogen. Prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline silica has been known to cause silicosis, a lung disease, which may be disabling. While there may be a factor of individual susceptibility to a given exposure to respirable silica dust, the risk of contracting silicosis and the severity of the disease is clearly related to the amount of dust exposure and the length of time (usually years) of exposure.)
(Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test) NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days) 79 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test) Limestone (1317-65-3) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Quartz (14808-60-7) STOT-repeated exposure Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Aspiration hazard : Not classified viscosity, kinematic : No data available Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Dust may cause respiratory tract irritation. Respirable crystalline silica (quartz) can cause silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs. Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause burns in the presence of moisture. Skin contact during hydration may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden arround any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Handling can cause dry skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns. Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Chronic symptoms : May cause cancer through inhalation of dust. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) (7778-18-9)	
Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)	LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	(Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	(Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity
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Aspiration hazard Viscosity, kinematic Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms Symptoms/effects after inhalation Symptoms/effects after inhalation Dust may cause respiratory tract irritation. Respirable crystalline silica (quartz) can cause silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs. Symptoms/effects after skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause burns in the presence of moisture. Skin contact during hydration may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Handling can cause dry skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms/effects after eye contact Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns. Symptoms/effects after ingestion May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Chronic symptoms May cause cancer through inhalation of dust. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	Quartz (14808-60-7)	
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Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms Symptoms/effects after inhalation Symptoms/effects after inhalation Symptoms/effects after skin contact Symptoms/effects after eye contact Symptoms/effects after eye contact Symptoms/effects after ingestion Symptoms/effects after ingestion Symptoms/effects after ingestion Symptoms (Symptoms) Symptoms (Sympt	•	: Not classified
Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Dust may cause respiratory tract irritation. Respirable crystalline silica (quartz) can cause silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs. Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause burns in the presence of moisture. Skin contact during hydration may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Handling can cause dry skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns. Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Chronic symptoms : May cause cancer through inhalation of dust. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Dust may cause respiratory tract irritation. Respirable crystalline silica (quartz) can cause silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs. Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause burns in the presence of moisture. Skin contact during hydration may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Handling can cause dry skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns. Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Chronic symptoms : May cause cancer through inhalation of dust. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		: No data available.
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tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns. Symptoms/effects after ingestion May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Chronic symptoms May cause cancer through inhalation of dust. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	Symptoms/effects after skin contact	hydration may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous,
diarrhea. Chronic symptoms: May cause cancer through inhalation of dust. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	Symptoms/effects after eye contact	
repeated exposure.	Symptoms/effects after ingestion	
' '	Chronic symptoms	
	Other information	•

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity	
6,7 6	No ecological consideration when used according to directions. Normal dilution of this product to drains, sewers, septic systems and treatment plants is not considered environmentally harmful.
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	1070 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [static])
Calcium magnesium hydroxide oxide (CaMg(OH)2O) (58398-71-3)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	50.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	49.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna

Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

Calcium magnesium hydroxide oxide (CaMg(OH)2O) (58398-71-3)		
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	184.57 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)	
NOEC (chronic)	32 mg/l Test organisms (species): Crangon septemspinosa Duration: '14 d'	
Sulfuric acid, calcium salt (1:1) (7778-18-9)		
LC50 - Fish [1]	2980 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])	
LC50 - Fish [2]	> 1970 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])	
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	> 79 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (previous names: Raphidocelis subcapitata, Selenastrum capricornutum)	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Amerimix 500 Masonry Cement & Sand Mortar (Type N, S, M)	
Persistence and degradability	No data available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Amerimix 500 Masonry Cement & Sand Mortar (Type N, S, M)	
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
BCF - Fish [1]	(no bioaccumulation)
Calcium hydroxide (1305-62-0)	
BCF - Fish [1]	(no bioaccumulation)

12.4. Mobility in soil

Amerimix 500 Masonry Cement & Sand Mortar (Type N, S, M)	
Ecology - soil	No data available.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations

: Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

14.1. UN number

Not regulated for transport

Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : Not applicable

14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Special transport precautions : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

15.2. International regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations



This product can expose you to Silica, respirable crystalline, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16: Other information

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

 Issue date
 : 01/16/2016

 Revision date
 : 06/26/2023

 Other information
 : None.

Prepared by : Nexreg Compliance Inc.

www.Nexreg.com



Full text of H-phrases	
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, Category 1

Safety Data Sheet

according to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012.

Full text of H-phrases	
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation

Indication of changes:	
SDS update.	

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA

Disclaimer: We believe the statements, technical information and recommendations contained herein are reliable, but they are given without warranty or guarantee of any kind. The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitability and completeness of this information for the user's own particular use.

6/26/2023 (Revision date) EN (English US) 13/13